ABSTRACK

Ainun Nisak, Medita 20882011A225906 Grammatical Cohesion and Lexical Cohesion in the Novel Laut Tells by Leila S. Chudori. Supervisor I; Siti Arifah, M.Pd. Supervisor II; Hodairiyah M. Li. Thesis, Indonesian Language and Literature Education Study Program, STKIP PGRI Sumenep, 2024.

Novels are included in discourse that is expressed in writing, so the use of words and sentences must be related in a coherent and coherent way to the sentences before or after them. So this research aims to find out; (1) use of grammatical cohesion (2) use of lexical cohesion.

The method used in this research is a qualitative descriptive method using a discourse analysis approach. The data used in this research is written data in the form of text ranging from words to sentences containing grammatical and lexical cohesion, in the novel Laut Bercerita by Leila

S. Chudori. Retrieval of research data was carried out using the observation method with the basic technique of proficient free-involved listening and the advanced technique, namely the note-taking technique. Next, it was analyzed using the distribution method with the basic technique for direct elements (BUL).

From the results of this research, namely: (1) the use of 28 grammatical aspects of cohesion data including: 11 reference data (referencing), 2 substitution data (substitution), 6 ellipsis data (deletion), and 9 conjunction data (concatenation). (2) the use of lexical aspects of cohesion as much as 13 data, including: 5 repetition data (repetition), 2 synonym data (adjacent words), 4 antonym data (opposite words), and 2 collocation data (opposite words).

Keywords: discourse analysis, grammatical and lexical cohesion, novel