

ABSTRACT

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This research was conducted because not a few people understand what they read in the context of speech, therefore it is necessary to study and learn more about pragmatics through its deixis, so that new knowledge about deixis develops.

In this regard, the research aims to describe the deixis in the novel Yang Fana is time, by Sapardi Djoko Damono using a pragmatic approach. The deixis contained in the novel include: person deixis, time deixis and place deixis.

The method used in this study uses a descriptive approach with a qualitative research type to describe the data obtained in this study. The object of this research is a novel entitled Yang Fana is Time by Sapardi Djoko Damono as well as the main data or primary data in the study because this novel contains a text containing a series of words as a data source. The data collection method in this study uses library techniques with note-taking techniques and grouping or classifying data according to the specified theory. Furthermore, the data obtained were analyzed using the matching technique by matching the data according to the diexist theory used, then the data was presented in the form of a description and drawing conclusions.

*Based on several steps carried out, it was found that sentences containing elements of deixis were 1256 as a whole, so all of the data were classified based on the type of deixis studied, while there were 36 data contained in this study. The deixis contained in this study are grouped into 3 parts, namely: **a) personal deixis**, in this study is still reclassified into: (1) singular first person deixis, (2) plural first persona, (3) second persona, (4) persona second plural, (5) third person singular, (6) and third person plural deixis. Furthermore, **b) time deixis**, in this study classified into: (1) past time deixis, (2) future time deixis, and (3) present time deixis, and **c) place deixis**. So from the various kinds of deixis, one of the data found is I which shows person deixis, tomorrow shows time deixis, there shows place deixis.*

Looking at the problems and several stages above, it can be concluded that this research discusses pragmatic studies that are focused on deixis because it departs from the many people who do not understand the position of language, whether it is reading or speech. So it can be said that this research will contribute insight to scholars or researchers as a form of reference or understanding in theory.