Abstract

Homonim dalam Bahasa Madura di Desa Karang Anyar Kecamatan Kalianget Kabupaten Sumenep (Perspektif Semantik Leksikal)

Keywords: Language, Word, and Homonym

The madura people in human communication are widely used to pronounce words that are often pronounced and pronounced as such but have different research purposes to describe kataponi and the equally synonymous meaning of the word in madura objek the pulverized imi society of the new rother. The purpose of this research is to describe category and the meaning of homonym words in madurese language. The object of the research is the people in Karanganyar village. The method of the research is descriptive qualitative, which understand social reality. The research using three class of word. They are verb, noun and adjective. Verb is a word used to describe an action, state or occurrence and forming the main part of the predicate of a sentence. Noun is a word used to identify any of a class of people, places or things or to name a particular one of these. Adjective is a word or phrase naming an attribute added to or grammatically related to a noun to modify or describe it. The meaning of homonym word in madure language is response of stimulation which getting from a communication or source person. In this thing the researcher using data collection that is tap technique, competencing involving and watching technique, note technique. And data analysis using 1) data reduction, 2) data presentation, 3) conclusion. Results the meaning of homonyms in madura, in the calanget district Sumenep county in particular in the village of the new reef has been found words that have a common sense of pronunciation and spelling but have a different sense of there are 9 words included in the word homsynonyms deep that is the word bhâkal, pokol, bulân, jhilid, arê, campo, ngosot, êmo', and komo'.

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